



Safety Data Sheet

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Date of Issue: 11 April 2018

Product Name: Heavy Duty Truck Wash; Truckin Blue

Synonym(s): HDTW5; HDTW20; HDTW200

Product Use(s): General purpose heavy duty cleaner, suitable for high pressure or

manual cleaning. Use only for intended applications.

Supplier Contact Details: Ecospill Pty Ltd

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2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance

or mixture:

Physical Hazards: Not classified.

Health Hazards: Skin Irrit. 2-H315; Skin Sens. 1-H317.

Environmental Hazards: Not Classified.

Label Elements: Pictogram: Signal Word: Warning



Hazard Statements: H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements: P261 Avoid breathing vapour/spray.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection /

face protection.

P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice / attention. P332+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice /

attention.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with national

regulations.

Contains: Dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid, Etidronic Acid

Other Hazards: This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or

vPvB.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	Classification	Content
DODECYLBENZENESULPHONIC	27176087-0	Acute Tox. 4-H302	1-10%
ACID		Skin Corr. 1B-H314	
		Eye Dam. 1-H318	
COCONUT DIETHANOLAMIDE	68603-42-9	Skin Irrit. 2-H315	1-10%
		Eye Irrit. 2A-H319	
SODIUM METASILICATE	10213-79-3	Met. Corr. 1-H290	1-10%
PENTAHYDRATE		Skin Corr. 1B-H314	





		STOT SE 3-H336	
ETIDRONIC ACID	2809-21-4	Met. Corr. 1-H290	1-10%
		Acute Tox. 4_H302	
		Eye Dam. 1-H318	
BRONOPOL (INN)	52-517	Acute Tox. 4-H302	<1%
	M Factor (Acute) = 10	Acute Tox. 4-H312	
		Skin Irrit. 2_H315	
		Eye Dam. 1-H318	
		STOT SE 3-H335	
		Aquatic Acute 1-H400	

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid Measures

General Information Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. For advice,

contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or

a doctor (at once). .

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running

water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a

position comfortable for breathing. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. Get

medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and

flush skin and hair with running water, soap or recognized skin cleansing agent. Get medical attention if symptoms persist after

washing.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting unless

under the direction of medical personnel. For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor

(at once).

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment

during any rescue.

Most important symptoms and affects, both acute and delayed:

General Information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the

concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation No specific symptoms known.

Ingestion May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

May cause irritation.

Skin contact May cause skin sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive

individuals. Redness. Irritating to skin.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure

may include the following: pain, profuse watering of the eyes,

redness.

Immediate medical attention and

special treatment:

Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitization or allergic reactions

in sensitive individuals.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media: This product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant

foam, Dry agent, carbon dioxide or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Prevent contamination of

drains and waterways.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

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Specific hazards:

Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to

excessive pressure build up.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the

following substances: harmful gases or vapours.

Advice for firefighters

Avoid breath fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Cool containers exposed to heat with water fog and remove them for the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water fog to disperse vapours and protect persons stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers, storm water channels and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to Australia/New Zealand Standards AS/NZS 4967 (for clothing), AS/NZS 1801 (for helmets), AS/NZS 4821 (for protective boots), AS/NZS 1801 (for protective gloves) will provide a basic level of

protection for chemical incidents.

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Personal Precautions:

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

Environmental Precautions: Methods of Cleaning Up:

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Do not use sawdust or other combustible material. Small Spillages: Collect spillage. Large Spillages: Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a

spillage. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

Reference to other sections: For personal protection: see section 8. For health hazards: see section 11. For ecological hazards: see section 12. For exposure

controls: see section 8. For Disposal: see section 13.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this SDS. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimize spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

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Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off

contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Condition for safe storage, including any incompatibles:

Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect

containers from damage.

Storage Class: Chemical Storage.

Specific end use(s): The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PROTECTION

Control parameters: Exposure Controls:





Engineering Controls: Provide adequate ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure

limits for the product or ingredients.

PPE:

Eye/Face Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If

inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required

instead.

Hands Wear protective gloves. The most suitable glove should be chosen

in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with AS/NZS 2161. Considering the data specific by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as nay deterioration

is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

Body & Other Skin May cause skin sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive

individuals. Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or

prolonged skin contact.

Respiratory Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its

intended use and complies with AS/NZS 1716. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with AS/NZS 1716. Half

mask and Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter

cartridges should comply with AS/NZS 1716.

Hygiene Measures Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wash at the end of each

work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not

eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Environmental Exposure

Controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection

legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce

emissions to acceptable levels.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

Appearance SLIGHTLY VISCOUS, BLUE LIQUID

Odour PINE

Flammability NON FLAMMABLE

Specific gravity 1.06

Solubility (water) SOLUBLE IN WATER

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10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

Chemical stability: Stable under recommended conditions of storage. Stable at normal

ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions:

No potentially hazardous reactions known.

Conditions to avoid: There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a

hazardous situation.

Incompatible materials: No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the

product to produce a hazardous situation.

Hazardous decomposition

products:

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the

following substances: harmful gases or vapours.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - Oral Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE oral (mg/kg): 7,568.19

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. **Acute toxicity - Dermal Acute toxicity - Inhalation** Based on available date the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion / irritation Eye Dam. 1-H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Serious Eye Damage / irritation

Respiratory Sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Skin Sensitisation

May cause skin sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive

individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity IARC carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Contains a substance/a group of substances which may cause

cancer. IARC Group 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Reproductive Toxicity - Fertility

Reproductive Toxicity -

Development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met Based on available data the classification criteria are not met

STOT – single exposure STOT – repeated exposure

Aspiration

Toxicity

Not classified as causing organ damage from single exposure. Not classified as causing organ damage from repeated exposure. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General Information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent of the

concentration and length of exposure.

Inhalation No specific symptoms known.

Ingestion May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

May cause irritation.

Skin Contact May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Redness. Irritating to skin.

Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following over exposure **Eye Contact**

may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes.

Redness.

Ingestion, inhalation, skin and / or eye contact. Route of entry

Target Organs No specific target organs known. **Medical Considerations** Skin disorders and allergies.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or

frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

No data available on bioaccumulation.

Bioaccumulative potential

Mobility in soil No data available. Other adverse effects None known.





13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment methods

General Information The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever

possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues

and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methods Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a

licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work cloths and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with

their contents.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT	SEA TRANSPORT	AIR TRANSPORT
	(ADG)	(IMDG / IMO)	(IATA / ICAO)
UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
Transport Hazard Class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

Environmental hazards No information provided Special precautions for user No information provided

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product

using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of

Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Classifications Safety Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised

System (GHS) of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals. The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances [NOHSC: 1008

(2004)].

Hazard codesNone allocated.Risk phrasesNone allocated.Safety phrasesNone allocated.

Inventory listings AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical

Substances): All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt. **EUROPE: EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Chemical**

Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information: ONLY TRAINED PERSONNEL SHOULD USE THIS MATERIAL.

WORKPLACE CONTROLS AND PRACTICES:

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Unless a less toxic chemical can be substituted for a hazardous substance, ENGINEERING CONTROLS are the most effective way of reducing exposure. The best protection is to enclose operations and/or provide local exhaust ventilation at the site of chemical release. Isolating operations can also reduce exposure. Using respirators or protective equipment is less effective than the controls mentioned above, but is sometimes necessary.

EXPOSURE STANDARDS - TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGE (TWA) or WES (WORKPLACE EXPOSURE STANDARD) (NZ):

Exposure standards are established on the premise of an 8-hour work period of normal intensity, under normal climatic conditions and where a 16-hour break between shifts exists to enable the body to eliminate absorbed contaminants. In the following circumstances, exposure standards must be reduced: Strenuous work conditions; hot, humid climates; high altitude conditions; extended shifts (which increase the exposure period and shorten the period of recuperation).

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

General Information

The following risk and hazard statements are to be considered a glossary. They relate to the raw materials used in this product and therefore may not be accurate for the finished product itself. For the complete risk and hazard statements for this product please refer to section 2 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Hazard Statements in full

H290 May be corrosive to metals

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H312 Harmful in contact with skin

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H315 Causes skin irritation

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life

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Abbreviations	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial

Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number – used to uniquely

identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System EC No. European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for

Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonised System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal

Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

Mg/m3 Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH Relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0

(high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).

PPM Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and

Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

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[End of SDS]

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